

## “3-a-day” A-Level Exam Practice Unit 2 (005)

### Question 1

2 Consider the following algorithm in Fig.2, expressed in pseudocode, as a function S:

```
function S(A[0..N-1], value, low, high)

    if (high < low) then
        return error_message
    endif

    mid = (low + high) / 2

    if (A[mid] > value) then
        return S(A, value, low, mid-1)
    elseif (A[mid] < value) then
        return S(A, value, mid+1, high)
    else
        return mid
    endif

endfunction
```

Fig.2

(a) State the name of the algorithm implemented in Fig.2.

..... [1]

### Question 2

**Describe how this algorithm works (5 marks)**

### Question 3

5 (a) Give the stages of a binary search for the word Hull in the list

Belfast, Chester, Epsom, Hull, Kendal, Luton, Neath, Oban, Staines

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..... [3]

Answer 1

|   |     |  |  |                   |             |
|---|-----|--|--|-------------------|-------------|
| 2 | (a) |  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Binary search (1).</li></ul> | 1<br>AO1.1<br>(1) | For 1 mark. |
|---|-----|--|--|-------------------|-------------|

Answer 2

- Finds the length of the given array and calculates the midpoint (1)
- Compares search item with item in mid-point (1)
- If it is smaller, it halves the size of the array from the start to the mid-point and recalls the function passing the new smaller array into it (1)
- If it is larger, it halves the size of the array from the mid-point to the end and recalls the function passing the new smaller array into it (1)
- This recursion continues until the item is found, at which point it returns the mid-point which will be the location of the search item (1)

Answer 3

|   |     |  |   |   |
|---|-----|--|---|---|
| 5 | (a) |  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• start at mid point 'Kendal'</li><li>• 'Hull' is less than Kendal so take first half of list &amp; discard the rest</li><li>• repeated halving...</li><li>• ...until 'Hull' is found</li></ul> | 3 |
|---|-----|--|---|---|